## <sup>12</sup>C(<sup>12</sup>C, <sup>12</sup>C),(<sup>12</sup>C,X) **2009Da22,2016Ka37**

	History		
Type	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	J. H. Kelley, J. E. Purcell and C. G. Shen	NP A968, 71 (2017)	1-Jan-2017

2009Da22:  $^{12}$ C( $^{12}$ C, $^{12}$ C') E=120,139.5,159 MeV, analyzed elastic and inelastic  $\sigma(\theta)$  using diffraction model; deduced nuclear rms radii

2016Ka37: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL, 2017.

The authors carried out a systematic study of the charge changing cross sections of  $\approx$ 900 MeV/A carbon isotopes on a carbon target and analyzed the data to obtain the proton and matter radii of  $^{12-19}$ C.

A beam of 937 MeV/A  $^{12}$ C ions was produced by fragmenting either a 1 GeV/A  $^{20}$ Ne beam or 1 GeV/A  $^{40}$ Ar beam on a thick beryllium target at the GSI/FRS facility. After magnetic separation, the  $^{12}$ C beam particles were identified event-by-event using a multi-sampling ionization chamber and the time-of-flight between two scintillators. The beam then passed through a thick carbon target before being reanalyzed in a second multi-sampling ionization chamber that measured the Z of ions after the target. In the analysis, the ratio of the charge changing events to the non-charge changing events was determined and used to obtain  $\sigma_{\alpha}$ , the charge changing cross section. For  $^{12}$ C,  $\sigma_{\alpha}$ =733 mb 7 was determined.

The data were then compared with a finite-range Glauber model to obtain root-mean-square radii for the proton distribution and for the matter distribution. The results from the systematic study across <sup>12–19</sup>C is then compared with various models and comments are given on the development of neutron skins and neutron halos.

## <sup>12</sup>C Levels

E(level)	$J^{\pi \dagger}$	Comments
0	0+	R <sub>r.m.s.</sub> = 2.32 fm 2, R <sub>r.m.s.</sub> = 2.35 fm 2 (2016Ka37).
$4.44 \times 10^3$		R <sub>r.m.s.</sub> =2.34 fm (2009Da22). R <sub>r.m.s.</sub> =2.36 fm 4 (2009Da22).
$7.65 \times 10^3$		R <sub>r.m.s.</sub> =2.89 fm 4 (2009Da22).
$9.64 \times 10^3$ $14.1 \times 10^3$		$R_{r.m.s.}$ =2.88 fm 11 (2009Da22).
$18.5 \times 10^3$		
$19.6 \times 10^3$		

<sup>†</sup> From Adopted Levels.